that the extraction of coal is incidental

§ 707.4 Responsibility.

- (a) The regulatory authority is responsible for enforcing the requirements of this part.
- (b) Any person conducting coal extraction as an incidental part of government-financed construction is responsible for possessing, on the site of the extraction operation, the documentation required by 30 CFR 707.12.

§ 707.5 Definitions.

As used in this part, the following terms have the specified meaning:

Extraction of coal as an incidental part means the extraction of coal which is necessary to enable the construction to be accomplished. For purposes of this part, only that coal extracted from within the right-of-way, in the case of a road, railroad, utility line or other such construction, or within the boundaries of the area directly affected by other types of government-financed construction, may be considered incidental to that construction. Extraction of coal outside the right-of-way or boundary of the area directly affected by the construction shall be subject to the requirements of the Act and this chapter.

Government financing agency means a Federal, State, county, municipal, or local unit of government, or a department, bureau, agency or office of the unit which, directly or through another unit of government, finances construction.

Government-financed construction means construction funded 50 percent or more by funds appropriated from a government financing agency's budget or obtained from general revenue bonds. Funding at less than 50 percent may qualify if the construction is undertaken as an approved reclamation project under Title IV of the Act. Construction funded through government financing agency guarantees, insurance, loans, funds obtained through industrial revenue bonds or their equivalent, or in-kind payments does not

qualify as government-financed construction.

[44 FR 15322, Mar. 13, 1979, as amended at 64 FR 7482, Feb. 12, 1999]

§ 707.10 Information collection.

Since the information collection requirement contained in 30 CFR 707.12 consists only of expenditures on information collection activities that would be incurred by persons in the normal course of their activities, it is exempt from the requirements of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.) and does not require clearance by OMB.

[64 FR 7482, Feb. 12, 1999]

§ 707.11 Applicability.

- (a) Coal extraction which is an incidental part of government-financed construction is exempt from the Act and this chapter.
- (b) Any person who conducts or intends to conduct coal extraction which does not satisfy paragraph (a) of this section shall not proceed until a permit has been obtained from the regulatory authority under a State, Federal or Federal lands program.

§ 707.12 Information to be maintained on site.

Any person extracting coal incident to government-financed highway or other construction who extracts more than 250 tons of coal or affects more than two acres shall maintain, on the site of the extraction operation and available for inspection, documents which show—

- (a) A description of the construction project;
- (b) The exact location of the construction, right-of-way or the boundaries of the area which will be directly affected by the construction; and
- (c) The government agency which is providing the financing and the kind and amount of public financing, including the percentage of the entire construction costs represented by the government financing.

SUBCHAPTER B—INITIAL PROGRAM REGULATIONS

PART 710—INITIAL REGULATORY PROGRAM

Sec.

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AUTHORITY: 30 U.S.C. 1201 $et\ seq.$, as amended, and Pub. L. 100–34.

Source: 42 FR 62677, Dec. 13, 1977, unless otherwise noted.

§710.1 Scope.

- (a) This part provides general introductory and applicability material for the initial regulatory program required by section 502 and other sections of the Act which require early implementation. The initial regulatory program is effective until permanent programs are approved in accordance with sections 503, 504, or 523 of the Act.
- (b) The initial regulatory program which this part introduces includes—
- (1) Environmental performance standards of parts 715 through 718 of this chapter.
- (2) Inspection and enforcement procedures of parts 720 through 723 of this chapter; and
- (3) Reimbursements to States of part 725 of this chapter.

§710.2 Objectives.

The objectives of the initial regulatory program are to—

- (a) Protect the health and safety of the public and minimize the damage to the environment resulting from surface coal mining operations during the interval between enactment of the Act and adoption of a permanent State or Federal regulatory program; and
- (b) Coordinate the State and Federal regulatory programs to accomplish the purposes of the Act.

§ 710.3 Authority.

(a) The Secretary is directed to implement an initial regulatory program

within six months after the date of enactment of the Act in each State which regulates any aspect of surface coal mining under one or more State laws until a State program has been approved or until a Federal program has been implemented.

(b) The Secretary is also authorized to regulate surface coal mining and reclamation operations on Federal Lands by the Mineral Leasing Act of February 25, 1920, as amended (30 U.S.C. 181–287) and the Minerals, Leasing Act for Acquired Lands (30 U.S.C. 351–359) and on Indian lands by various Indian lands acts. Additional regulations under these Acts are in 30 CFR part 211, 143 CFR part 3041 and 25 CFR part 177.

§ 710.4 Responsibility.

- (a) Under the general direction of the Assistant Secretary, Energy and Minerals, the Director is responsible for administering the initial regulatory program established by the Secretary.
- (b) The States are responsible for issuing permits and inspection and enforcement on lands on which operations are regulated by a State to insure compliance with the initial performance standards in parts 715 through 718 of this chapter. States are required to file copies of inspection reports with the Office. States are also responsible for assuring that permits are not issued which would be in conflict with the restriction on mining found in section 510 of the Act, particularly in regard to alluvial valley floors and prime farm lands, and section 522(e) of the Act in regard to prohibitions of mining on certain lands.

§ 710.5 Definitions.

As used throughout the initial regulatory program the following terms have the specified meanings unless otherwise indicated:

Acid drainage means water with a pH of less than 6.0 discharged from active

 $^{^1\,\}rm EDITORIAL$ NOTE: 30 CFR part 211 was redesignated as 43 CFR part 3480 at 48 FR 41589, Sept. 16, 1983.